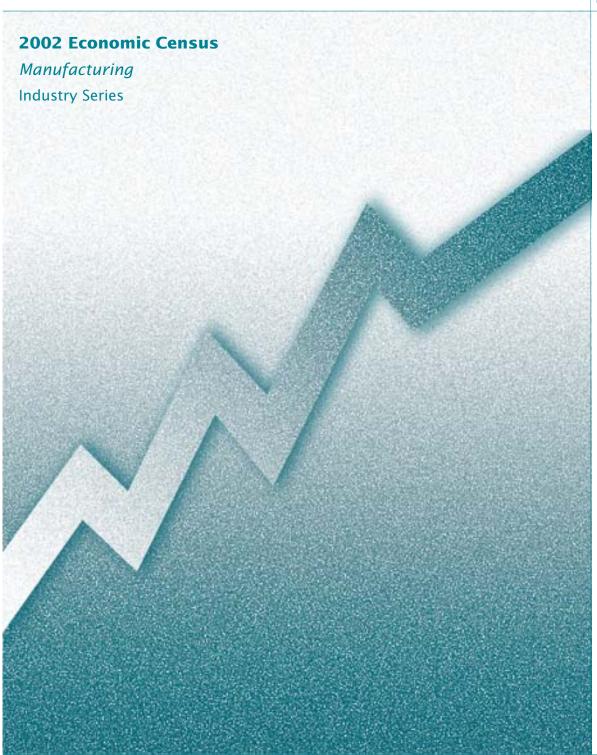
# Sugarcane Mills: 2002

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Helping You Make Informed Decisions

U.S. Department of Commerce Economics and Statistics Administration U.S. CENSUS BUREAU



#### Table 1. Historical Statistics for the Industry: 2002 and Earlier Years

[Data based on the 2002 Economic Census and the 2002 Annual Survey of Manufactures (ASM). For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and explanation of terms, see note at end of table. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

		All	All employees Production workers				Total	Total	Total capital		
Industry and year <sup>1</sup>	Com- panies <sup>2</sup>	estab- lish- ments <sup>3</sup>	Number <sup>4</sup>	Payroll (\$1,000)	Number <sup>4</sup>	Hours (1,000)	Wages (\$1,000)	Value added (\$1,000)	cost of materials (\$1,000)	shipments	expendi- tures (\$1,000)
311311, Sugarcane mills	29 N N N N 34	32 N N N N 38	4 383 4 171 4 928 5 090 4 873 4 938	145 486 139 491 158 222 163 002 158 635 167 589	3 109 2 900 3 408 3 662 3 478 3 362	7 280 6 726 7 970 8 342 8 672 8 768	113 018 108 122 117 157 119 311 104 525 109 506	515 055 703 245 698 722 731 108	773 837 701 544 799 957 850 411 870 161 872 054	1 267 531 1 202 827 1 485 068 1 493 486 1 501 421 1 457 482	54 699 40 787 75 559 53 749 61 110 67 796

Note: The data in this table are based on the 2002 Economic Census and the 2002 Annual Survey of Manufactures (ASM). To maintain confidentiality, the Census Bureau suppresses data to protect the identity of any business or individual. The census results in this table contain sampling errors and nonsampling errors. Data users who create their own estimates using data from American FactFinder tables should cite the Census Bureau as the source of the original data only. For explanation of terms, see Appendix A. For full technical documentation, see Appendix C.

¹Statistics presented for years ending in 2 and 7 are census data. Interim census years are derived in a representative sample of manufacturing establishments canvassed in the Annual Survey of Manufactures (ASM).

²For the census, a company is defined as a business organization consisting of one establishment or more under common ownership or control.

³Includes establishments with payroll at any time during the year.

⁴Number of employees figures represent average number of production workers for pay period that includes the 12th of March, May, August, and November plus other employees for payroll period that includes the 12th of March.

## Table 2. Industry Statistics for Selected States: 2002

[Not applicable for this report]

### Table 3. Detailed Statistics by Industry: 2002

[Data based on the 2002 Economic Census and the 2002 Annual Survey of Manufactures (ASM). For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and explanation of terms, see note 2 at end of table. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

Item	Value
311311, Sugarcane mills	
Companies <sup>1</sup> number	29
All establishments <sup>2</sup> number.  Establishments with 1 to 19 employeesnumber.  Establishments with 20 to 99 employeesnumber.  Establishments with 100 employees or morenumber.	32 9 8 15
All employees3         number.           Total compensation         \$1,000.           Annual payroll         \$1,000.           Total fringe benefits         \$1,000.	4 383 189 622 145 486 44 136
Production workers, average for year	3 109 3 195 2 520 2 478 4 239
Production worker hours	7 280 113 018
Total cost of materials         \$1,000.           Materials, parts, containers, packaging, etc., used         \$1,000.           Resales         \$1,000.           Purchased fuels         \$1,000.           Purchased electricity         \$1,000.           Contract work         \$1,000.	773 837 739 693 D 16 687 8 329 D
Quantity of electricity purchased for heat and power	129 369 302 154
Total value of shipments         \$1,000.           Primary products value of shipments         \$1,000.           Secondary products value of shipments         \$1,000.           Total miscellaneous receipts         \$1,000.           Value of resales         \$1,000.           Contract receipts         \$1,000.           Other miscellaneous receipts         \$1,000.	1 267 531 1 248 809 13 902 4 820 D D
Primary products specialization ratio percent.  Value of primary products shipments made in all industries \$1,000.  Value of primary products shipments made in this industry \$1,000.  Value of primary products shipments made in other industries \$1,000.	99 1 267 249 1 248 809 18 440
Coverage ratiopercent	99
Value added\$1,000	410 206
Total inventories, beginning of year       \$1,000.         Finished goods inventories       \$1,000.         Work-in-process inventories       \$1,000.         Materials and supplies inventories       \$1,000.	495 339 443 747 798 50 794
Total inventories, end of year \$1,000. Finished goods inventories \$1,000. Work-in-process inventories \$1,000. Materials and supplies inventories \$1,000.	406 753 360 594 463 45 696
Gross value of depreciable assets (acquisition costs) at beginning of year \$1,000.  Total capital expenditures (new and used) \$1,000.  Buildings and other structures (new and used) \$1,000.  Machinery and equipment (new and used) \$1,000.  Automobiles, trucks, etc., for highway use \$1,000.  Computers and peripheral data processing equipment \$1,000.  All other expenditures for machinery and equipment \$1,000.  Total retirements \$1,000.  Gross value of depreciable assets at end of year \$1,000.	1 093 617 54 699 4 591 50 108 2 580 1 264 46 264 12 095 1 136 221
Depreciation charges during year\$1,000	67 576
Total rental payments         \$1,000           Buildings and other structures         \$1,000           Machinery and equipment         \$1,000	8 447 795 7 652
Total other expenses <sup>4</sup> \$1,000.  Response coverage ratio <sup>5</sup> percent.  Repair and maintenance services of buildings and/or machinery <sup>4</sup> \$1,000.  Communications services <sup>4</sup> \$1,000.  Legal services <sup>4</sup> \$1,000.  Accounting, auditing, and bookkeeping services <sup>4</sup> \$1,000.  Advertising and promotional services <sup>4</sup> \$1,000.  Expensed computer hardware and supplies and purchased computer services <sup>4</sup> \$1,000.  Refuse removal (including hazardous waste) services <sup>4</sup> \$1,000.  Management consulting and administrative services <sup>4</sup> \$1,000.  Taxes and license fees <sup>3</sup> \$1,000.  All other expenses <sup>4</sup> \$1,000.	48 586 84 17 199 462 1 238 699 2 073 258 525 1 308 2 767 22 057

<sup>1</sup>For the census, a company is defined as a business organization consisting of one establishment or more under common ownership or control.
2Includes establishments with payroll at any time during the year.
3Number of employees figures represent average number of production workers for pay period that includes the 12th of March, May, August, and November plus other employees for payroll period that includes the 12th of March.
4Based on Annual Survey of Manufactures (ASM) sample data.
5A response coverage ratio is derived for this item by calculating the ratio of the weighted employment (establishment data multiplied by sample weight) for those Annual Survey of Manufactures (ASM) establishments that reported to the weighted total employment for all ASM establishments classified in this industry.

Note 1: The amounts shown for other expenses reflect only those services that establishments purchase from other companies.

Note 2: The data in this table are based on the 2002 Economic Census and the 2002 Annual Survey of Manufactures (ASM). To maintain confidentiality, the Census Bureau suppresses data to protect the identity of any business or individual. The census results in this table contain sampling errors and nonsampling errors. Data users who create their own estimates using data from American FactFinder tables should cite the Census Bureau as the source of the original data only. For explanation of terms, see Appendix A. For full technical documentation, see Appendix C.

#### Table 4. Industry Statistics by Employment Size: 2002

[Data based on the 2002 Economic Census. For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and explanation of terms, see note at end of table. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

			All employees		Pr	oduction worke	ers		Total	Total	Total capital
Employment size class	E¹	All estab- lish- ments <sup>2</sup>	Number <sup>3</sup>	Payroll (\$1,000)	Number <sup>3</sup>	Hours (1,000)	Wages (\$1,000)	Value added (\$1,000)	cost of materials (\$1,000)	value of shipments (\$1,000)	expendi- tures (\$1,000)
311311, Sugarcane mills											
All establishments	-	32	4 383	145 486	3 109	7 280	113 018	410 206	773 837	1 267 531	54 699
1 to 4 employees 5 to 9 employees	_ a	2	a 25	D 891	D 16	D 37	D 664	D 2 126	D 3 601	D 5 727	D 280
10 to 19 employees	5	3	47	1 255	26	53	631	3 800	4 487	7 526	D D
20 to 49 employees	1	5	403	14 265	340	817	11 491	60 440	69 156	147 937	9 625
100 to 249 employees	_	10 3	1 420 f	44 935 D	1 261 D	2 875 D	37 546 D	149 793 D	367 776 D	571 376 D	21 097 D
500 to 999 employees	_	2	<u>g</u>	D _	D _	D _	D _	D _	D _	D -	D _
2,500 employees or more	-	_	-	-	_	-	-	_	_	_	_
Administrative records <sup>4</sup>	-	_	-	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	_

¹Some payroll and sales data for small single-establishment companies with up to 20 employees (cutoff varied by industry) were obtained from administrative records of other government agencies rather than from census report forms. These data were then used in conjunction with industry averages to estimate statistics for these small establishments. This technique was also used for a small number of other establishments whose reports were not received at the time data were tabulated. The following symbols are shown where estimated data account for 10 percent or more of the figures shown: 1–10 to 19 percent; 2–20 to 29 percent; 3–30 to 39 percent; 4–40 to 49 percent; 5–50 to 59 percent; 6–60 to 69 percent; 7–70 to 79 percent; 8–80 to 89 percent; 9–90 percent or more.

¹Number of employees figures represent average number of production workers for pay period that includes the 12th of March, May, August, and November plus other employees for payroll period that includes the 12th of March.

⁴Some payroll and sales data for small single-establishment companies with up to 20 employees (cutoff varied by industry) were obtained from administrative records of other government agencies rather than from census report forms. These data were then used in conjunction with industry averages to estimate statistics for these small establishments. Data are also included in respective size classes shown.

Note: The data in this table are based on the 2002 Economic Census. To maintain confidentiality, the Census Bureau suppresses data to protect the identity of any business or individual. The census results in this table contain nonsampling errors. Data users who create their own estimates using data from American FactFinder tables should cite the Census Bureau as the source of the original data only. For explanation of terms, see Appendix A. For full technical documentation, see Appendix C.

#### Table 5. Industry Statistics by Primary Product Class Specialization: 2002

[Data based on the 2002 Economic Census. For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and explanation of terms, see note at end of table. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

Industry or	Industry or primary product class	All	All employees Production workers					Total	Total	Total capital	
product class code		All estab- lish- ments <sup>1</sup>	Number <sup>2</sup>	Payroll (\$1,000)	Number <sup>2</sup>	Hours (1,000)	Wages (\$1,000)	Value added (\$1,000)	cost of materials (\$1,000)	value of shipments (\$1,000)	expendi- tures (\$1,000)
311311	Sugarcane mills	32	4 383	145 486	3 109	7 280	113 018	410 206	773 837	1 267 531	54 699
3113110	Raw cane sugar	32	4 383	145 486	3 109	7 280	113 018	410 206	773 837	1 267 531	54 699

Note: The data in this table are based on the 2002 Economic Census. To maintain confidentiality, the Census Bureau suppresses data to protect the identity of any business or individual. The census results in this table contain nonsampling errors. Data users who create their own estimates using data from American FactFinder tables should cite the Census Bureau as the source of the original data only. For explanation of terms, see Appendix A. For full technical documentation, see Appendix C.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Includes establishments with payroll at any time during the year.

<sup>2</sup>Number of employees figures represent average number of production workers for pay period that includes the 12th of March, May, August, and November plus other employees for payroll period that includes the 12th of March.

#### Table 6a. Products Statistics: 2002 and 1997

[Includes quantity and value of products of this industry produced by (1) establishments classified in this industry (primary) and (2) establishments classified in other industries (secondary). Transfers of products of this industry from one establishment of a company to another establishment of the same company (interplant transfers) are also included. Data based on the 2002 Economic Census. For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and explanation of terms, see note 2 at end of table. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

		Number of companies with		Product shipments		
Product code	Product	shipments of \$100,000 or more	Quantity of production for all purposes	Quantity	Value (\$1,000)	
311311	Sugarcane mills	N N	X	X	1 267 249 1 449 749	
3113110	Raw cane sugar	N.	X	X	1 267 249 1 449 749	
31131101	Raw cane sugar	N N	ŝ	ŝ	1 122 481	
3113110111	1997 Raw cane sugar	18 26	X X X	P2 846.1 P2 914.8	1 315 716 1 122 481 1 315 716	
31131102	Sugar cane mill products and byproducts, except raw cane sugar	N N	x	×	72 179	
3113110221	Sugarcane molasses syrup and blackstrap (except	N	X	X	106 428	
	refiners' blackstrap)	20 31	X	D 1 071.6	D 76 259	
3113110231	All other sugarcane mill products and by-products without further processing	3	· ·		7.0 2.00	
	1997	8	x	S	30 169	
3113110Y	Raw cane sugar, nsk, total	N N	X	X	72 589 27 605	
3113110YWW	Raw cane sugar, nsk, for nonadministrative-record establishments		· · ·	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
	1997	N N	XX	X	72 589 27 605	
3113110YWY	Raw cane sugar, nsk, for administrative-record establishments	l N	x	X		
	establishments	N N	â	x		

Note 1: For some establishments, data have been estimated from central unit values that are based on quantity-value relationships of reported data. The following symbols are used when percentage of each quantity figure estimated in this manner equals or exceeds 10 percent of published figure: p-10 to 19 percent estimated; q-20 to 29 percent estimated. If 30 percent or more is estimated, figure is replaced by S.

Note 2: The data in this table are based on the 2002 Economic Census. To maintain confidentiality, the Census Bureau suppresses data to protect the identity of any business or individual. The census results in this table contain nonsampling errors. Data users who create their own estimates using data from American FactFinder tables should cite the Census Bureau as the source of the original data only. For explanation of terms, see Appendix A. For full technical documentation, see Appendix C.

# Table 6b. Product Class Shipments for Selected States: 2002 and 1997

[Not applicable for this report.]

## Table 7. Materials Consumed by Kind: 2002 and 1997

[Includes quantity and cost of materials consumed or put into production by establishments classified only in this industry. Data based on the 2002 Economic Census. For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and explanation of terms, see note 2 at end of table. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

Material code	Material consumed	Quantity	Delivered cost (\$1,000)
311311	Sugarcane mills		
00900001	Total materials	X	739 693
11193000	1997   Sugar cane	920 409.6	830 507 560 605
31131100	1997 Raw cane sugar (converted to 96 percent basis)	24 105.3 367.9 N	673 500 67 832 N
11199100	Sugar beets	D	D
32221001	Paperboard containers, boxes, and corrugated paperboard	N X	D D
001900A1	Packaging paper and plastics film, coated and laminated	X X X	N D N
001900A3	Bags (plastics, foil, and coated paper)	X	D
32222401	Bags (uncoated paper and multiwall)	X	N D
00970099	All other materials and components, parts, containers, and supplies	X	N 62 835
00971000	Materials, ingredients, containers, and supplies, nsk	X X X	115 633 24 407 41 374

Note 1: For some establishments, data have been estimated from central unit values that are based on quantity-value relationships of reported data. The following symbols are used when percentage of each quantity figure estimated in this manner equals or exceeds 10 percent of published figure: p-10 to 19 percent estimated; q-20 to 29 percent estimated. If 30 percent or more is estimated, figure is replaced by S.

Note 2: The data in this table are based on the 2002 Economic Census. To maintain confidentiality, the Census Bureau suppresses data to protect the identity of any business or individual. The census results in this table contain nonsampling errors. Data users who create their own estimates using data from American FactFinder tables should cite the Census Bureau as the source of the original data only. For explanation of terms, see Appendix A. For full technical documentation, see Appendix C.